# **Complete Summary**

#### **GUIDELINE TITLE**

Assessment of maltreatment of children with disabilities.

## BIBLIOGRAPHIC SOURCE(S)

American Academy of Pediatrics: Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect and Committee on Children With Disabilities. Assessment of maltreatment of children with disabilities. Pediatrics 2001 Aug; 108(2):508-12. [20 references]

#### **GUIDELINE STATUS**

This is the current release of the guideline.

American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) Policies are reviewed every 3 years by the authoring body, at which time a recommendation is made that the policy be retired, revised, or reaffirmed without change. Until the Board of Directors approves a revision or reaffirmation, or retires a statement, the current policy remains in effect.

## COMPLETE SUMMARY CONTENT

SCOPE

METHODOLOGY - including Rating Scheme and Cost Analysis RECOMMENDATIONS

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS

BENEFITS/HARMS OF IMPLEMENTING THE GUIDELINE RECOMMENDATIONS QUALIFYING STATEMENTS

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GUIDELINE

INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE (IOM) NATIONAL HEALTHCARE QUALITY REPORT CATEGORIES

IDENTIFYING INFORMATION AND AVAILABILITY

**DISCLAIMER** 

# SCOPE

#### DISEASE/CONDITION(S)

Child maltreatment, including physical abuse, neglect, or sexual abuse

## **GUIDELINE CATEGORY**

Prevention Risk Assessment Screening

#### CLINICAL SPECIALTY

Family Practice
Pediatrics
Preventive Medicine
Psychology

#### INTENDED USERS

Advanced Practice Nurses Allied Health Personnel Nurses Physician Assistants Physicians Social Workers

# GUIDELINE OBJECTIVE(S)

- To ensure that pediatricians recognize children with disabilities as a population that is at risk for maltreatment
- To present recommendations for early recognition, intervention, and prevention of child abuse and neglect in this population

#### TARGET POPULATION

Children with disabilities

#### INTERVENTIONS AND PRACTICES CONSIDERED

## Screening

- 1. Assessment of signs and symptoms suggestive of abuse
- 2. Evaluation for disabilities in children in whom abuse has been identified

#### Prevention

- 1. Provision of emotional and instrumental support to children and families
- 2. Reporting of suspected abuse to appropriate Child Protective Services (CPS) agency.
- 3. Collaboration/coordination of care with families, health care providers, and other community resources
- 4. Federally mandated written plan of service
- 5. Referrals as appropriate for services (i.e., parent support groups, respite care, home health services, etc)
- 6. Administrative advocacy

## MAJOR OUTCOMES CONSIDERED

- Incidence of child maltreatment among children with disabilities
- Causal factors related to child maltreatment

#### **METHODOLOGY**

# METHODS USED TO COLLECT/SELECT EVIDENCE

Searches of Electronic Databases

DESCRIPTION OF METHODS USED TO COLLECT/SELECT THE EVIDENCE

Not stated

NUMBER OF SOURCE DOCUMENTS

Not stated

METHODS USED TO ASSESS THE QUALITY AND STRENGTH OF THE EVIDENCE

Not stated

RATING SCHEME FOR THE STRENGTH OF THE EVIDENCE

Not applicable

METHODS USED TO ANALYZE THE EVIDENCE

Review

DESCRIPTION OF THE METHODS USED TO ANALYZE THE EVIDENCE

Not stated

METHODS USED TO FORMULATE THE RECOMMENDATIONS

Not stated

RATING SCHEME FOR THE STRENGTH OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS

Not applicable

**COST ANALYSIS** 

A formal cost analysis was not performed and published cost analyses were not reviewed.

METHOD OF GUIDELINE VALIDATION

Peer Review

DESCRIPTION OF METHOD OF GUIDELINE VALIDATION

## RECOMMENDATIONS

#### MAJOR RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. All pediatricians should be capable of recognizing signs and symptoms of child maltreatment in all children and adolescents, including those with disabilities.
- 2. Because children with disabilities may be at increased risk for maltreatment, pediatricians should be vigilant not only in their assessment for indications of abuse but also in their offerings of emotional and instrumental support.
- 3. Pediatricians should ensure that any child in whom abuse has been identified is thoroughly evaluated for disabilities.
- 4. All children with disabilities should have a medical home.
- 5. Pediatricians should be actively involved with treatment plans developed for children with disabilities.
- 6. Health supervision visits should be used as a time to assess a family's strengths and need for resources to counterbalance family stressors and parenting demands.
- 7. Pediatricians should advocate for changes in state and local policies in which system failures seem to occur regarding the identification, treatment, and prevention of maltreatment of children with disabilities.
- 8. Pediatricians should advocate for better health care coverage by both private insurers and governmental funding.

## CLINICAL ALGORITHM(S)

None provided

### EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS

### TYPE OF EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS

The type of evidence supporting each recommendation is not specifically stated.

# BENEFITS/HARMS OF IMPLEMENTING THE GUIDELINE RECOMMENDATIONS

#### POTENTIAL BENEFITS

Appropriate assessment of maltreatment of children with disabilities may lead to early recognition and intervention of child abuse and neglect, as well as prevention of child maltreatment.

#### POTENTIAL HARMS

Not stated

## QUALIFYING STATEMENTS

#### QUALIFYING STATEMENTS

The recommendations in this statement do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate.

## IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GUIDELINE

#### DESCRIPTION OF IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY

An implementation strategy was not provided.

# INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE (IOM) NATIONAL HEALTHCARE QUALITY REPORT CATEGORIES

**IOM CARE NEED** 

Staying Healthy

IOM DOMAIN

Effectiveness Patient-centeredness Safety

# IDENTIFYING INFORMATION AND AVAILABILITY

# BIBLIOGRAPHIC SOURCE(S)

American Academy of Pediatrics: Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect and Committee on Children With Disabilities. Assessment of maltreatment of children with disabilities. Pediatrics 2001 Aug; 108(2):508-12. [20 references]

# **ADAPTATION**

Not applicable: The guideline was not adapted from another source.

DATE RELEASED

2001 Aug

GUIDELINE DEVELOPER(S)

American Academy of Pediatrics - Medical Specialty Society

SOURCE(S) OF FUNDING

American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP)

#### **GUIDELINE COMMITTEE**

Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect

Committee on Children With Disabilities

#### COMPOSITION OF GROUP THAT AUTHORED THE GUIDELINE

Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect (2000-2001): Steven W. Kairys, MD, MPH, Chairperson; Randell C. Alexander, MD, PhD; Robert W. Block, MD; V. Denise Everett, MD; Kent P. Hymel, MD; Carole Jenny, MD, MBA

Liaisons: David L. Corwin, MD, American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry; Gene Ann Shelley, PhD, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Section Liaison: Robert M. Reece, MD, Section on Child Abuse and Neglect

Staff: Tammy Piazza Hurley

Committee on Children With Disabilities (2000-2001): Adrian D. Sandler, MD, Chairperson; Dana Brazdziunas, MD; W. Carl Cooley, MD; Lilliam González de Pijem, MD; David Hirsch, MD; Theodore A. Kastner, MD; Marian E. Kummer, MD; Richard D. Quint, MD, MPH; Elizabeth S. Ruppert, MD

Liaisons: William C. Anderson, Social Security Administration; Bev Crider, Family Voices; Paul Burgan, MD, PhD, Social Security Administration; Connie Garner, RN, MSN, EdD, US Department of Education; Merle McPherson, MD, Maternal and Child Health Bureau; Linda Michaud, MD, American Academy of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation; Marshalyn Yeargin-Allsopp, MD, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Section Liaisons: Chris P. Johnson, MEd, MD, Section on Children With Disabilities; J. Daniel Cartwright, MD, Section on School Health

Staff: Karen Smith

#### FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Not stated

#### **GUIDELINE STATUS**

This is the current release of the guideline.

American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) Policies are reviewed every 3 years by the authoring body, at which time a recommendation is made that the policy be retired, revised, or reaffirmed without change. Until the Board of Directors

approves a revision or reaffirmation, or retires a statement, the current policy remains in effect.

#### GUIDELINE AVAILABILITY

Electronic copies: Available from the <u>American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) Policy</u> Web site.

Print copies: Available from the American Academy of Pediatrics, 141 Northwest Point Blvd., P.O. Box 927, Elk Grove Village, IL 60009-0927.

#### AVAILABILITY OF COMPANION DOCUMENTS

None available

#### PATIENT RESOURCES

None available

#### NGC STATUS

This summary was completed by ECRI on May 7, 2002. The information was verified by the guideline developer on June 11, 2002.

#### COPYRIGHT STATEMENT

This National Guideline Clearinghouse summary is based on the original guideline, which is subject to the guideline developer's copyright restrictions. Please contact the Permissions Editor, American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP), 141 Northwest Point Blvd, Elk Grove Village, IL 60007.

#### DISCLAIMER

#### NGC DISCLAIMER

The National Guideline Clearinghouse<sup>™</sup> (NGC) does not develop, produce, approve, or endorse the guidelines represented on this site.

All guidelines summarized by NGC and hosted on our site are produced under the auspices of medical specialty societies, relevant professional associations, public or private organizations, other government agencies, health care organizations or plans, and similar entities.

Guidelines represented on the NGC Web site are submitted by guideline developers, and are screened solely to determine that they meet the NGC Inclusion Criteria which may be found at <a href="http://www.guideline.gov/about/inclusion.aspx">http://www.guideline.gov/about/inclusion.aspx</a>.

NGC, AHRQ, and its contractor ECRI make no warranties concerning the content or clinical efficacy or effectiveness of the clinical practice guidelines and related

materials represented on this site. Moreover, the views and opinions of developers or authors of guidelines represented on this site do not necessarily state or reflect those of NGC, AHRQ, or its contractor ECRI, and inclusion or hosting of guidelines in NGC may not be used for advertising or commercial endorsement purposes.

Readers with questions regarding guideline content are directed to contact the guideline developer.

© 1998-2006 National Guideline Clearinghouse

Date Modified: 9/25/2006